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RESEARCH ARTICLE

ALLEVIATING MALNUTRITION AMONG RURAL CHILDREN BY USING MORINGA LEAVES

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ABSTRACT

Moringa leaves shows great promise as a tool to help over come some of the most sever problems in rural children- Malnutrition. The main objective of this study was to standardised and develop the product from Moringa leaves to alleviating malnutrition in rural children. This study was carried out to use moringa leaves with maize flour and wheat flour for production of Moringa Nachos and to use moringa leaves with gram flour and wheat flour for production of Moringa Khakhra. For packaging of both product, aluminium wrapper was used which protects the product against physical, chemical, biological and environmental factors. These food products were prepared from Moringa leaf are evaluated for the chemical and sensory properties. In sensory evaluation sampleT2 Moringa Khakhra are most acceptable.

Key words: Moringa leaves, Moringa Nachos, Moringa Khakhra, Alleviating Malnutrition

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INTRODUCTION

Moringa oleifera tree grows abundantly in developing countries including India especially in the rural areas, where prevalence of malnutrition is high. For children the daily requirements of calcium, 75% iron requirements and half of protein can be obtained in 100grams of fresh Moringa leaves. Moringa is especially promising as a food source in the tropics because the tree is in full leaf at the end of the dry season when other foods are typically scarce. (Kushwaha et al., 2015). Moringa Nachos and Moringa khakhra are the products by which the problem of malnutrition can be reduced from this country. Aside from moringa, these products include maize flour, wheat flour, gram flour. Malnutrition or malnourishment is a condition that results from eating a diet in which nutrients are either not enough or are too much such that the diet causes health problems. All Moringa oleifera food products have a very' high nutritional value. Every part of the tree can be eaten especially the leaves, young shoots, young pods, flowers, roots and the bark (Adeyemi et al., 2012). Moringa has long been considered a panacea for improving the nutrition of poor communities in the tropics and sub tropics (Agbogidi and Ilondu, 2012).

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Objective

- To standardised and develop the product from moringa leaves.
- To study the packaging and Sensory acceptability of the develop product.

METHODOLOGY

Preparation of Moringa products

Tools: Dehydrator, Mixer, weighing machine, measuring spoon, flat circular rolling board (chkla) and rolling pin (belan), Gas stove, flat pan, oven.

Collection of Ingredients: Moringa leaf collected from tree located in Aliganj, Lucknow. wheat flour, maize flour, gram flour, turmeric, cumin seeds and ajwain are purchased from spencer of kapoorthala, Lucknow.

Preparation of Moringa leaf powder: Collect fresh Moringa leaves, processed to remove dirt and another field damaged portion. The clean and fresh leaves dried in dehydrator at 35 c for 8 hours. collect all dried leaves were ground into powder in a grinder.

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Preparation of Moringa Nachos: Collect all ingredient (Moringa leaf powder, maize flour, wheat flour, turmeric powder, ajwain, cumin, garlic, oil, salt, water) and mixed together. Add water and make a dough. Take some dough and roll into a thin sheet on rolling board then make some pores into the sheet. Cut into triangle shape then put them into preheated oven and bake at 170°C for 15 minutes and let them cool.

Preparation of Moringa khakhra: Collect all the ingredients (Moringa leaf powder, gram flour, wheat flour, turmeric, ajwain, cumin seed, red chilli powder, oil, salt, milk), mixed it. Add milk and knead into a soft dough. divide the dough into equal portion and roll out each portion into a very thin round, using a little whole wheat flour for rolling. Heat a non-stick flat pan (tawa) and cook each khakhra on a slow flame till pink spots appear on both sides. Continue cooking the khakhra on a slow flame, while pressing with a folded muslin cloth, till it turns crisp and brown from both the sides.

Packaging: Food packaging is the most reliable method food containment. This is the best way to safely control and protect the food against physical, chemical, biological and environmental factors. It would be our duty as consumers to check the goods or food that we purchase in the market whether they are well packaged or sealed.

Tools: Aluminium wrapper, Sealing Machine

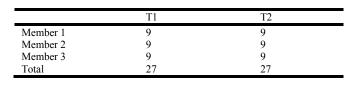
Procedure: Nachos and Khakhra fill in the alumunium wrapper with clean and dry hand . Seal the wrapper with sealing machine.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

The result and discussion chapter are based on the Sensory acceptability of Moringa Nachos Moringa khakhra. In this study the sensory evaluation is done in our Department of Food Science and Technology by trained and export nutrition staff member, and the technique of sensory evaluation was Hedonic scale.

Distribution of sample T1: Moringa Nachos T2: Moringa Khakhra

Table 1. Individual Markings for Body and Textur



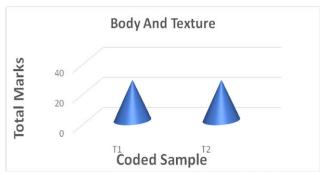


Fig. 1. Graphical presentation of body and texture

Table 2. Individual Markings for Colour

	T1	T2	
Member1	9	9	
Member2	8	9	
Member3	9	9	
Total	26	27	

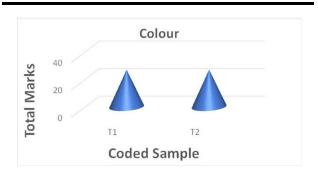


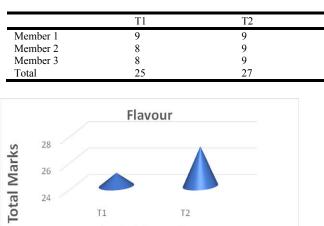
Fig.2. Graphical presentation of colour

Table 3. Individual Markings for Appearance

	T1	T2	
Member 1	9	8	
Member 2	9	8	
Member 3	9	8	
Total	27	24	



Fig. 3. Graphical presentation of Appearance Table 4. Individual Markings for Flavour



Coded Sample

Fig. 4. Graphical presentation of Flavour

Table 5. Individual Markings for Taste

	T1	T2
Member 1	9	9
Member 2	8	9
Member 3	8	9
Total	25	27



Fig. 5. Grphical presentation of Taste

Table 6. Individual Marking for overall Acceptability

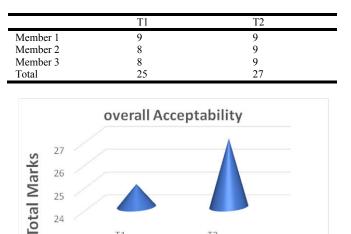


Fig. 6. Graphical presentation of Overall Acceptability

Coded Sample

Τ2

Τ1

Table 7. Overall calculation

PERAMETERS	T1	T2	
1	27	27	
2	26	27	
3	27	24	
4	25	27	
5	25	27	
6	25	27	
Total	155	159	
Average	22.14	26.5	
Standard deviation	13.28	1.22	

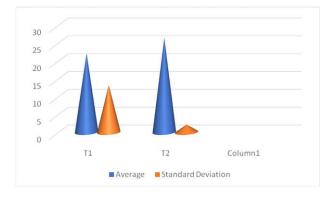


Fig.7. Graphical presentation of overall calcuation

Conclusion

Moringa leaves play a great roll in alleviating Malnutrition among rural children at little or no cost, malnourished children treated with it tend to recover more rapidly than those whose mothers are obliged to follow the modern approach which involves purchasing expensive milk powder, cooking oil and sugar. The major advantage of using Moringa leaves in this study is the fact that it is a local resource, two sample products are developed by using Moringa leaves, wheat flour, gram flour and maize flour – Moringa Nachos and Moringa Khakhra. In terms of quality by sensory evaluation scoring given by the panellist mambers on texture, colour, appearance, flavour and taste are calculated in the table, by this we get do statistical analysis and obtained the average of T1, T2 are 22.14, 26.5 respectively, standard deviation are 13.28 and 1.22 respectively.Sample T2 with highest average and lowest standard deviation is most acceptable statistically, hence sample T2 is most acceptable then T1.

Recommendation

- This product could not only be used by malnourished children but also by patients with diabetes, cardiovascular disease anaemia, cancer and hypertension.
- The moringa khakhra and Nachos are cheap in cost and can be used daily to overcome deficiency of nutrients.
- These Nachos and khakhra are not only for children but also for all age group.

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